Children suffering from Cancer

3401. SHRI L. RAMANA : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether one and a half lakh to two lakh children suffer from cancer in the country every year;

(b) if so, the details thereof alongwith the reasons therefor; and

(c) the effective steps taken by the Government to remedy the situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY) : (a) and ((b) Data on cancer occurance (including paediatirc cancers) is not being routinely collected by all hospitals in India. The data on incidence of cancers is being collected by population based cancer registries functioning under the National Cancer Registry Programme of ICMR since 1982. Based on the data from Population Based Cancer Registries located at Mumbai, Bangalore, Chennai and Delhi an estimated 30,000 children below the age of 15 years developed cancer in India during 1996.

The major paediatric cancers include leukemias, Wilm's tumors, retinoblastoma, brain cancer, lymphomas, etc. The exact aetiology of these cancers is not known. However, family histroy is important in retinoblastoma and leukemia. Down's syndrome and other chromosomal abnormalities, exposure to radiation are also important etiological factors for development of leukemias. AIDS and some other immuno-deficiency states have been found to increase the risk of Hodgkin's lymphoma. Epstein-Barr virus infection is considered to be a risk factor for development of Hodgkin's disease.

(c) In order to combat this problem, Government of India has launched the following scheme under National Cancer Control Programme :-

1. Augmentation of Regional Cancer Centres.
2. Development of Oncology Wings in the Medical Colleges.
3. Installation of Cobalt-60 teletherapy equipment.
4. District cancer control projects.

[English]

Polio Patients

3402. SHRI MAHENDRA SINGH BHATI :
SHRIMATI SHEELA GAUTAM :
SHRIMATI BHAVNABEN DEVRAJ BHAI CHIKHALIA :

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the number of polio patients in each State at present;

(b) whether the number of polio patiants have been increased in 1996-97 in comparison to the year 1995-96;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the allocation made for the aradication of polio during Ninth Five Year Plan and the amount released to each State for 1997-98 for the purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY) : (a) The State-wise number of reported polio cases during 1995 and 1996 is enclosed as statement-I.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) No separate budgetary allocations are made for eradication of polio. However, Expenditure Finance Committee proposed outlay for the 9th Plan period for the Reporductive and Child Health programme is Rs. 5112.53 crores includes allocation for eradication of polio. Fund allocation for 1997-98 would be on similar pattern as was released during 1996-97. The details of State-wise releases for Pulse Polio Immunization made out of the overall cash allocations for Child Survival and Safe Motherhood Programme for 1996-97 is at enclosed as Statement-II. An amount of Rs. 31.22 crores was allocated during 1996-97 to State/UTs for the Pulse Polio Immunization Programme.

Statement-I

1995

State		Polio												
		Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	August	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Cum
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
AP	Andhra Pradesh	7	7	8	6	6	7	11	14	15	1	8	6	96
AS	Assam	1	0	11	1	1	4	5	3	0	0	0	1	27
BI	Bihar	0	28	4	29	48	150	120	49	35	46	43	3	555
GU	Gujarat	10	16	7	0	1	10	7	20	16	8	9	5	109
HA	Haryana#	10	3	3	5	5	7	10	21	20	9	22	5	120
HP	Himachal Pradesh#	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
JK	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KA	Karnataka#	2	1	1	9	1	2	4	13	7	3	3	2	48
KE	Kerala#	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
MP	Madhya Pradesh	5	3	0	1	5	16	5	14	13	13	8	3	86
MH	Maharashtra#	18	17	13	17	13	10	41	52	30	37	33	13	294
MN	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	7
ME	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NA	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OR	Orissa	1	0	0	6	5	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	17
PB	Punjab#	7	2	5	2	8	6	3	4	1	4	5	2	49
RJ	Rajasthan	5	6	3	5	5	5	3	6	6	8	5	9	66
SI	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TN	Tamil Nadu#	20	18	25	14	34	20	12	11	40	29	8	7	238
TP	Tripura	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UP	Uttar Pradesh	42	20	25	34	63	79	101	273	60	64	33	35	829
WB	West Bengal	23	36	1	13	38	22	25	31	63	1	10	15	278
AN	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AC	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CH	Chandigarh#	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DN	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DL	Delhi$$	8	11	9	17	12	12	40	99	116	62	41	12	439

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
GO Goa#	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
LK Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MZ Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PD Pondicherry#	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DD Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	159	168	115	159	248	351	392	612	428	285	228	118	3263

1996

State	Polio												
	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	Juiy	August	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Cum
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
AP Andhra Pradesh	4	3	1	0	1	3	0	3	2	1	1	1	20
AS Assam	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	10
BI Bihar	44	0	9	0	6	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	62
GU Gujarat	2	0	1	1	0	2	1	2	4	2	1	4	20
HA Haryana#	2	4	1	1	2	3	6	7	10	4	2	5	47
HP Himachal Pradesh#	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
JK Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KA Karnataka#	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	7	4	2	9	34
KE Kerala#	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	8
MP Madhya Pradesh	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	8
MH Maharashtra#	16	17	8	8	19	22	26	65	63	5	2	11	262
MN Manipur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ME Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NA Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OR Orissa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
PB Punjab#	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	3	0	2	2	14
RJ Rajasthan	1	1	3	3	1	2	2	8	6	2	1	0	30
SI Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TN Tamil Nadu#	4	7	8	9	14	12	11	10	6	3	7	4	95

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
TR Tripura	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
UP Uttar Pradesh	3	12	3	4	3	5	17	26	36	4	12	10	135
WB West Bengal	15	11	21	4	18	9	10	6	0	3	0	0	97
AN Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AC Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CH Chandigarh #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
DN Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DL Delhi$$	8	10	10	3	1	7	17	34	31	8	15	13	157
GO Goa#	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LK Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MZ Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PD Pondicherry#	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DD Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	104	65	70	36	66	68	102	171	169	43	48	63	1005

Statement-II

Funds allocated to States for Pulse Polio immunisation 1996-97

	Name of the State/UT	Funds for Pol & Transport	Funds for IEC
1	2	3	4
1.	Andhra Pradesh	55.50	113.50
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	35.75	44.00
3.	Assam	57.25	79.00
4.	A&N Islands	5.50	11.00
5.	Bihar	111.50	172.00
6.	Chandigarh	4.00	8.00
7.	D&N Haveli	2.75	8.00
8.	Daman & Diu	5.50	11.00
9.	Gujarat	45.75	67.00
10.	Goa	4.00	11.00
11.	Himachal Pradesh	30.00	41.00
12.	Haryana	32.00	61.00
13.	Jammu & Kashmir	37.75	52.00
14.	Karnataka	45.75	70.00
15.	Kerala	31.50	52.00
16.	Lakshadweep	2.75	8.00
17.	Madhya Pradesh	103.25	145.00
18.	Maharashtra	75.50	100.00
19.	Meghalaya	16.25	26.00
20.	Manipur	22.00	29.00
21.	Mizoram	11.00	17.00
22.	Nagaland	19.25	26.00
23.	Orissa	69.50	100.00
24.	Punjab	34.00	61.00
25.	Rajasthan	71.75	103.00
26.	Sikkim	10.25	17.00
27.	Tamil Nadu	56.00	85.00
28.	Tripura	11.00	17.00
29.	Uttar Pradesh	172.25	214.00
30.	West Bengal	46.00	67.00
31.	Delhi	20.00	37.00
32.	Pondicheery	8.00	17.00
	India	1253.25	1869.50

Poverty Rising in India

3403. SHRI BHAKTA CHARAN DAS : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether the attention of the Government have been drawn to the news-report captioned "Poverty rising in India; W.Bank" appearing in the 'Tribune' dated April 4, 1997;

(b) if so, the details of the facts reported therein;

(c) whether the Government have failed to achieve the aim to eliminate poverty from the country;

(d) if so, the difficulties being faced by Government in this regard; and

(e) the further plans of the Government to eliminate the poverty?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRIMATI RATNMALA D. SAVANOOR) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) According to the newspaper, a World Bank study, entitled "Poverty Reduction and the World Bank - Progress and Challenges in the 1990s mentions that; (a) urban poverty has assumed massive proportions; (b) the Government is not doing enough to encourage the private sector to combat poverty; (c) further success in reducing poverty depends critically on the success of the on-going reforms; and (d) growth alone will not be sufficient to meet the needs of India's teeming millions.

(c) and (d) The percentage of people below the poverty line has reduced from 51.32 per cent in 1977-78 to 35.97 per cent in 1993-94.

(e) A number of programmes are being implemented to improve the quality of life and income of the poor. These include programmes for raising income and generating employment opportunities such as Integerated Rural Development Programme (IRDP), Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY), Employment Assurance Scheme (EAS), Prime Minister's Rozgar Yojana (PMRY), Nehru Rozgar Yojana (NRY), Ganga Kalyan Yojana (GKY), Urban Basic Services for the Poor (UBSP), and Prime Minister's Integrated Urban Poverty Eradication Programme (PMIUPEP). The Approach Paper to the Ninth Plan has adopted 7 per cent rate of economic growth which is likely to reduce the level of poverty significantly. Besides, it recognises the need for continuing direct state intervention for poverty alleviation and a re-designing of the self-employment and supplementary wage employment programmes in order to make them more effective instruments of poverty alleviation.

Slum Development Scheme

3404. SHRI JAGAT VIR SINGH DRONA : Will the Minister of URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether any scheme for the development of slums has been formulated by the Government in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof alongwith the name of the cities in Uttar Pradesh where these has been implemented; and

(c) the stage at which the scheme stands at present?